Asbestos and Other Fibers in Construction

- □ Carol Rice, PhD, CIH
- University of Cincinnati
- □ Cincinnati OH USA

Cost of occupational injury/illness US, 2007 data used for analysis

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Fatal Injuries
                          5,600
                                          cost: $
                                                   6Billion
   Non-fatal injuries 8,559,000
                                           cost: $186Billion
Fatal illnesses
                        53,000
                                           cost: $
                                                  46Billion
Non-fatal illnesses
                       427,000
                                           cost: $ 12Billion
                                   Annual cost: $ 250Billion
Who paid these costs?
Worker's Compensation Insurance, less than 25% of costs:
                                                             $ 62.5 Billion
Families and society as a whole pay 75% of these costs:
                                                             $187.5Billion
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Costs, by category

- What is the annual financial cost of other disease burdens in the US? 1. Cardiovascular Disease (\$432B) 2. Occupational Injury and Illness (\$250B) 3. Cancer (\$219B) 4. Diabetes (\$174B) 5 Coronary Heart Disease (\$152B) 6. Stroke (\$63B) 7. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (\$44B)
- Source: Leigh JP. Economic Burden of Occupational Injury and Illness in the United States. The Milbank Quarterly. 89:728-772.2011.

Construction Work

□ New Build

Renovate, Reconstruct

Demolish





http://www.flickr.com/photos/asbestos_pix

Asbestos—not just dust

- International programs to ban use
- Basel Convention—asbestos is a toxic waste
 - Ratified by Armenia in 1999
- No exposure is the goal
 - Workers
 - Family members
 - Community residents

Hierarchy of Exposure Control

Control to none

Highest preference

Eliminate

Substitute

Prevent or reduce

Modify

Contain

Ventilate

Work Practice Change

Personal Protective Equipment

Lowest preference

Build (new construction)

□ No asbestos → No exposure

- use substitutes for specific purposes
 - Insulation
 - Sound proofing
 - Construction material

Substitutes

(see http://ibasecretariat.org/bc_asbestos_usa.php)

Asbestos cement pipe

Ductile iron

High density polyethylene

Wire-reinforced concrete

Sewer

Clay pipe

Interior

Brick

Polyvinyl alcohol fibers/cement

Roofing

Light-weight concrete

Plant fiber

Galvanized metal

Clay tiles

Thermal Insulation Substitutes

- Refractory brick
- Refractory Ceramic Fibers
- High Temperature Soluble Fibers
- □ Fibrous Glass
- Slag Wool
- Potential exposures
 - Fibers
 - Silica—quartz, cristobalite
 - Metals (slag wools)

Substitutes sold in Yerevan

http://www.arkomp.am



Glass fiber products, Yerevan, April 18, 2013

Substitutes--resources

- Castleman, B. Asbestos: Medical and Legal Aspects,
 2005. p 421.
- WHO.int/ipcs/assessment/public_health/ asbestos_substitutes.pdf. 2008

Renovate/Reconstruct/Demolish

Construction date

Use of structure

■ Maintenance, upkeep



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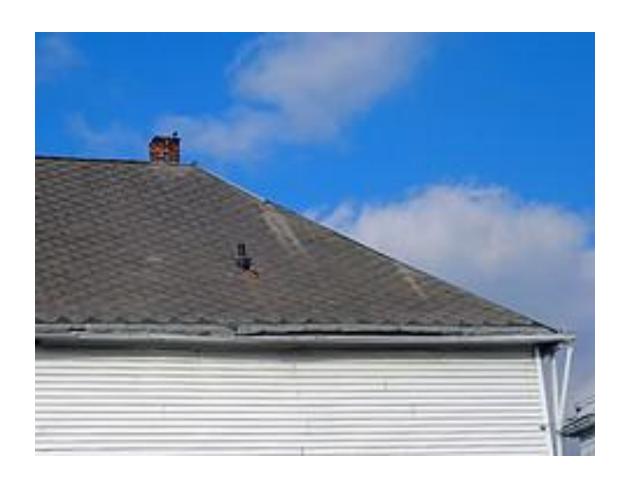
Yerevan, April 18, 2013



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Current Armenia examples

Water pipes in Litchq Village

(Photo credit ECOLUR, www.ecolur.org, November 27, 2012.



letter addressed to EcoLur by Human Rights Defender's Office says that Human Rights Defender Karen Andreasyan:

"A part of drinking water pipes in Litchq Village, Syunik Region, is made of asbestos, which endangers both people's health and environment.

2012 covered by the mass media

the Basel convention ratified by Armenia in 1999, recognizes asbestos as a toxic waste, which can cause cancer diseases.

Syunik Regional Governor Suren Khachatryan confirmed that a part of the drinking water pipes in Litchq Village, Syunik Region, is made of asbestos.

replacing the pipes will be accomplished in June 2013.

From ECOLUR, <u>www.ecolur.org</u>, November 27, 2012.

Asbestos Board Roofing

(Photo credit <u>www.fullercenterarmenia.org</u>, 1 February 2012)



Asbestos Board Roofing

(Photo credit www.fullercenterarmenia.org, 1 February 2012)



Agricultural Irrigation Project

- Millennium Challenge Account—www.mca.am/en
 - Asbestos used in pumping stations
 - Provides guidance on abating asbestos
 - Recognition
 - Training
 - Work Practices to reduce exposure
 - Personal Protective Equipment
 - Decontamination
 - Disposal

Asbestos materials sold in Yerevan



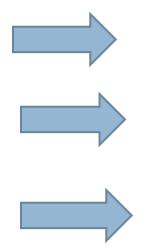
Yerevan, April 18, 2013

Goal: Reduce Exposure

- New Construction—substitute
- Renovate/Demolish/Reconstruction—recognize, reduce
 - Includes maintenance
- Barriers
 - Hazard recognition at all levels
 - Priorities
 - Money
- Tools to achieve goal
 - Regulation, followed by enforcement
 - Training to avoid exposures

Solutions—multiple approaches simultaneously

- Raise awareness
- Regulate and enforce
- Plan to avoid exposure



Additional Resources

- Working with non-friable asbestos
 - https://docs.google.com/viewer?a=v&q=cache:W3u4L2enISQJ:www.mca.am/files/environmental/MCA-Armenia%2520guidelines%2520on%2520handling%2520ACM-eng.pdf+'Guidelines+for+handling+non-friable+asbestos+containing+waste'&hl=en&gl=us&pid=bl&srcid=ADGESgS9nPjOk8EWrMOkGMshiHbMwtnzCrEualxy4IU0cu_rvH1Q_O6wJMjU40I0wCNXNNKueraydahejJ8-J-gU0ulaR2OBQPs9RPnXBq03GoAwzVzOi2W73WgXzHDEJayXA_tDkp7&sig=AHIEtbRAfwOsUJCX1U5wH8tRzJ-AvHebNw
- How to set up a National Program to Eliminate Asbestos Disease
 - WHO.int/occupational_health/publications/Out_NPEAD_ENG.pdf

World Bank Guidance:
 www.siteresources.worldbank.org/EXTPOPS/Resources/AsbestosGuidanceNoteFinal.pdf
 (or Google
 'World Bank Asbestos'

 WHO, National Programmes for Elimination of Asbestos-related Diseases, 07-08 June 2011, Bonn. (see Annex E for extensive listing of substitutes) Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundry Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal (Google 'Basel Convention')

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